



**DBJ-003-1015009**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**Third Year B. Sc. (Sem. V) (CBCS)**

**(W.E.F. 2016) Examination**

**June - 2022**

**MB-501 : Immunology & Medical Microbiology**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 1015009**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

**Instruction :** Attempt any five questions.

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|---|--|---|
| 1 | (a) Objective :  | 4 |
|   | (1) Give examples of Granulocytes.                         |   |
|   | (2) Give fullforms : GALT, TC cell.                        |   |
|   | (3) Role of thymus in immune system.                       |   |
|   | (4) Function of mast cell.                                 |   |
|   | (b) Answer in brief :                                      | 2 |
|   | Explain Neutrophiles.                                      |   |
|   | (c) Answer in detail :                                     | 3 |
|   | Describe Innate immunity.                                  |   |
|   | (d) Write short note on :                                  | 5 |
|   | Explain secondary lymphoid. organs.                        |   |
| 2 | (a) Objective :  | 4 |
|   | (1) Give examples for Anatomic barrier of Innate immunity. |   |
|   | (2) Importance of bone marrow.                             |   |
|   | (3) Define: Immunity                                       |   |
|   | (4) Enlist Agranulocytes.                                  |   |
|   | (b) Answer in brief :                                      | 2 |
|   | Dendritic cells.   |   |
|   | (c) Answer in detail :                                     | 3 |
|   | Explain primary lymphoid organs.                           |   |
|   | (d) Write short note on :                                  | 5 |
|   | Describe adaptive immunity.                                |   |

<b>3</b>	(a) Objectives :	<b>4</b>
	(1) Define: Cytokines.	
	(2) Which type of antigen processed by MHC I molecule?	
	(3) Give fullforms of : APC, ADCC.	
	(4) Function of B lymphocyte ?	
	(b) Answer in brief :	<b>2</b>
	Give difference between primary & secondary immune response.	
	(c) Answer in detail :	<b>3</b>
	Generation of B cell mediated immune response.	
	(d) Write short note on :	<b>5</b>
	Explain Cytokines in detail.	
<b>4</b>	(a) Objectives :	<b>4</b>
	(1) CD8 T cells are generally restricted by which class of MHC molecule?	
	(2) Define: Opsonisation.	
	(3) Which type of cytokines generally help in growth & maturation of lymphocytes?	
	(4) Give fullforms: CD, NK Cell.	
	(b) Answer in brief :	<b>2</b>
	Explain: Phagocytosis	
	(c) Answer in detail :	<b>3</b>
	Explain MHC molecules.	
	(d) Write short note on :	<b>5</b>
	Describe Antigen processing & presentation pathways.	
<b>5</b>	(a) Objectives :	<b>4</b>
	(1) What is antigen ?	
	(2) Which antibody has the pentamer structure?	
	(3) What is hybridoma technology ?	
	(4) Define: Haptens.	
	(b) Answer in brief :	<b>2</b>
	Give difference between immunogen & antigen.	
	(c) Answer in detail :	<b>3</b>
	Explain Epitopes.	
	(d) Write short note on :	<b>5</b>
	Clonal selection theory for antibody diversity.	

- 6 (a) Objectives : 4
- (1) Which Immunoglobulin present in body secretion ?
  - (2) Define: Polyclonal antibody.
  - (3) Which Immunoglobulin able to cross the placenta ?
  - (4) Define: Adjuvant.
- (b) Answer in brief : 2
- Draw labeled diagram for basic structure of antibody.
- (c) Answer in detail : 3
- Explain monoclonal antibody.
- (d) Write short note on : 5
- Describe Immunoglobulin classes with their functions.
- 7 (a) Objective : 4
- (1) What is graft ?
  - (2) When organ is transplanted from one to another individual but among the different species is called, \_\_\_\_\_
  - (3) Which molecules of immune system are actively participating in type I hypersensitive reaction?
  - (4) The main reason behind autoimmune disease ?
- (b) Answer in brief : 2
- What is immunosuppressors ?
- (c) Answer in detail : 3
- Write down about Graft rejection,
- (d) Write short note on : 5
- Explain Immunodeficiency disease.
- 8 (a) Objective : 4
- (1) When organ is transplanted from one to another individual within the same species is called, \_\_\_\_\_
  - (2) AIDS is the example of immunodeficiency disease. True/false ?
  - (3) What is immunodeficiency disease ?
  - (4) Which molecules of immune system are actively participating in type II hypersensitive reaction?
- (b) Answer in brief : 2
- Explain Hypersensitivity type I.

- (c) Answer in detail : 3  
Define Graft & explain its types.
- (d) Write short note on : 5  
What is Autoimmune disease? Explain any two examples in detail.
- 9** (a) Objective : 4  
(1) What is normal flora ?  
(2) Where Enterococci are found as normal flora ?  
(3) The LD<sub>50</sub> dose can be determined more precisely than LD 100 dose. True/False?  
(4) What is chronic infection ?
- (b) Answer in brief : 2  
Define : Acute infection with example.
- (c) Answer in detail : 3  
Discuss microbial virulence factors.
- (d) Write short note on : 5  
Natural resistance.
- 10** (a) Objective : 4  
(1) Give examples of normal flora of mouth.  
(2) A communicable disease that can be easily transmitted from person to person is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
(3) Define: Normal flora.  
(4) Cilia, fimbriae, and pili are all examples of structures used by microbes for \_\_\_\_\_?
- (b) Answer in brief : 2  
What is Pathogenicity? give examples of any 4 pathogens.
- (c) Answer in detail : 3  
Discuss process of infection.
- (d) Write short note on : 5  
Normal flora of a healthy human host.
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